

明正國中 110 學年度第 1 學期 八年級 語文領域 補考題庫

國文科題庫

1. (B) 田園之秋選一文中把大自然比喻成下列何者？
(A)妖巫 (B)戲劇 (C)惡魔 (D)黑怪。
2. (C)下列各組詞語的用字，何者完全正確？
(A)生俏／陡俏 (B)穫得／收獲 (C)窩巢／漩渦 (D)躡等／臘燭。
3. (B)「凝望」、「凝思」、「凝視」，以上「凝」字的關係為何？
(A)音同義異 (B)音義皆同 (C)音義皆異 (D)音異義同。
4. (D)下列「 」中的字，何組讀音相同？(A)「撒」胡椒粉／「撒」手不管 (B)「傳」達理念／寫成「傳」記 (C)獨「創」一格／無比「創」痛 (D)「率」團訪問／「率」真生動。
5. (C)下列選項，何者符合運動家的風度？(A)如果失敗，就怨天尤人，牢騷滿腹 (B)要有必勝的決心，不擇手段爭取成功 (C)即使與對手實力相差懸殊，也一定堅持努力到最後一刻 (D)要有超越勝敗的胸襟，所以失去勝利希望時，就隨遇而安，不用太努力。
6. (D)「有風度的運動家是『言必信，行必果』的人。」旨在說明運動家應有什麼態度？(A)超越勝敗的心胸 (B)莊嚴公正的態度 (C)不計得失的精神 (D)貫徹始終的意志。
7. (B)「堂堂正正的失敗，在本質上即是成功；而不清不白的成功，在本質上卻是失敗。」這句話強調什麼道理？(A)成者為王，敗者為寇 (B)不以成敗論英雄 (C)英雄不怕出身低 (D)勝敗乃兵家常事。
8. (D)羅家倫 運動家的風度一文文末提到「賽跑落後，無希望得獎，還要努力跑到的人」，這樣的人具有何種人格特質？
(A)有信心 (B)守承諾 (C)重信義 (D)有毅力。
9. (C)「綠葉發華滋」中的「華」字，可用下列何字替代？
(A)燁 (B)驩 (C)花 (D)滑。
10. (A)下列「故」字的意思，何者與「經年守故林」的「故」字相同？
(A)「故」人具雞黍 (B)「故」時有物外之趣 (C)這都是崇拜偶像的緣「故」 (D)他「故」意撞了我一下。

24. (A) 下列「 」中的字，何者讀音前後不同？
 (A)可愛者甚「蕃」／「番」茄 (B)「漣」漪／愛「蓮」說 (C)「亭亭」淨植／
 裊裊「婷婷」 (D)「曼」妙舞姿／不「蔓」不枝。
25. (C) 下列人物與其最愛之物的搭配組合，何者不恰當？
 (A)陶淵明：菊 (B)楊貴妃：荔枝 (C)周敦頤：牡丹 (D)林和靖：梅。
26. (D)周敦頤極力讚美蓮花，其實就是在勾勒君子美好德性的輪廓，把君子的人格特質具體化。下列各句語意的延伸說明，何者錯誤？(A)出淤泥而不染：象徵君子不受惡劣環境影響，能潔身自愛 (B)濯清漣而不妖：象徵君子具有清高的品格，而不媚世隨俗 (C)不蔓不枝：象徵君子不攀附關係 (D)香遠益清：象徵君子能遠離是非，有拋棄利益的堅持。
27. (C) 下列文句「 」中的狀聲詞，何者運用不恰當？(A)每隔一個鐘頭伸出一隻小鳥，「布穀、布穀」地向你報時 (B)窗外那「淅瀝嘩啦」的雨聲，讓我不自覺的焦慮起來 (C)「蕭蕭」的流水聲，縈繞在耳邊，讓人覺得好不愜意 (D)「轟隆」的雷聲迴盪在天際，膽小的人們開始顫慄。
28. (A) 下列詞語，何者有「具體而微」的意思？(A)麻雀雖小，五臟俱全 (B)家有一老，如有一寶 (C)大而化之，一笑置之 (D)咫尺天涯，近在眼前。
29. (B) 「他們像陽光、綠野、花一樣，是這有活力的城市，有活力的人間，不可或缺的色彩。」這是說小販的叫賣聲具有怎樣的特色？(A)街談巷議、道聽塗說的大本營 (B)是人間美麗的點綴 (C)一如陽光般令人驚嘆 (D)若缺乏小販叫賣聲，人間就缺少了陽光和綠野。
30. (C) 下列選項「 」中的詞語，何者屬外來語？(A)你不要這麼「鴨霸」，強占別人的停車位 (B)「代誌」不好了！有人不小心跌到河裡 (C)弟弟最喜歡吃生菜「沙拉」和炸雞 (D)巷口那家「蚵仔煎」料很實在，吸引很多顧客上門。
31. (B) 為學一首示子姪以貧富二僧為例，對比分明，使闡發的道理加倍深刻。下列選項，何者不是富和尚與窮和尚的對比？
 (A)逸／勞 (B)智／愚 (C)敗／成 (D)懶／勤。
32. (A) 「吾一瓶一鉢足矣。」這句話意指下列何事？(A)窮和尚將沿途化緣，步行前往南海 (B)窮和尚打包的行李簡便，易於步行 (C)窮和尚修行高深，擁有極大法力 (D)窮和尚認為只有瓶和鉢無法到達南海。
33. (B) 下列詞語，何者可用來形容「說話吞吞吐吐的樣子」？

- (A)怒不可遏 (B)支支吾吾 (C)忐忑不安 (D)寢食難安。
34. (A)下列「 」中的字，何者將「名詞」當「動詞」使用？
(A)中通外直，不「蔓」不枝 (B)亭亭淨「植」 (C)牡丹之「愛」
(D)「濯」清漣而不妖。
35. (A)田園之秋選一文所採用的觀點是從第幾人稱來寫作？
(A)第一人稱 (B)第二人稱 (C)第三人稱 (D)被動立場。
36. (A)下列哪一個「沒」字的讀音，與「隱沒」的「沒」「不同」？
(A)「沒」有 (B)沉「沒」 (C)「沒」齒 (D)出「沒」。
37. (B)「我看見了她的嚴厲眼光。」這是何種句型？
(A)表態句 (B)敘事句 (C)有無句 (D)判斷句。
38. (B)「霎時間」一詞「不可」換為下列何者？
(A)頃刻間 (B)長期間 (C)轉瞬間 (D)彈指間。
39. (C)譬喻的原則之一是需要兩者要有巧妙的相似點。下列何者「為非」？
(A)奶奶臉上的皺紋是歲月的痕跡 (B)你們就像未成熟的葡萄，青綠而酸澀
(C)他是我們班的第一名 (D)歲月彷彿無聲的流沙。
40. (C)下列關於愛蓮說一文的文句，何者敘述「有誤」？
(A)「出淤泥而不染」是指君子潔身自愛，不同流合汙
(B)「濯清漣而不妖」指君子不逢迎諂媚
(C)「中通外直，不蔓不枝」指君子堅持己見，不與人合作
(D)「香遠益清」指君子高潔的品格，流芳遠播。
41. (A)關於〈墾丁十九首選〉的修辭技巧，下列說明何者錯誤？
(A)高高的緯度啊長長的風／吹來一個遠遠的過客—譬喻
(B)無邊的秋色攔你不住／雲程迢迢是幾千里路呢？—設問
(C)在腳下喊你好幾千年了，那海—轉化
(D)你如何跳來的呢，當初—倒裝。
42. (C)下列何者最能描寫出猴子生性躁動的形象？ (A)食草木，飲澗泉 (B)瞑目蹲身，將身一縱 (C)伸頭縮頸，抓耳撓腮 (D)序齒排班，朝上禮拜。
43. (A)「自開闢以來，每受天真地秀，日精月華，感之既久，遂有靈通之意。」這段話在說明什麼？ (A)石猴出身不凡，頗具靈性 (B)石猴天資聰

- 穎，才高八斗 (C)花果山風景優美，彷彿仙境 (D)水簾洞地勢陡峭，易守難攻。
44. (A)「提著水桶嘩啦啦的沖洗地板」一句運用了何種摹寫修辭技巧？
(A)聽覺摹寫(B)嗅覺摹寫(C)味覺摹寫 (D)觸覺摹寫。
45. (A)「她的玫瑰色手指，都浸在鍋碗瓢盆的油膩和刷洗衣服的髒水之中。」句中的「玫瑰色」是在形容什麼？ (A)美麗纖細的手指 (B)善於繪畫的巧手 (C)充滿幻想的青春 (D)烹製料理的手藝。
46. (D)〈聲音鐘〉一文中，首段出現「我喜歡那些像鐘一般準確出現的小販的叫賣聲」，最後一段又出現「我喜歡聽那些像鐘一般準確出現的小販的叫賣聲」這種寫作技巧稱為什麼？ (A)冒題法 (B)開門見山法 (C)名言錦句法 (D)前後呼應法。
47. (A)下列選項，何者意思前後不同？ (A)慢條斯理／急急忙忙 (B)萬籟俱寂／鴉雀無聲 (C)一成不變／千篇一律 (D)具體而微／麻雀雖小，五臟俱全。
48. (C)「叫賣聲就正好穿過你推開的窗戶，不客氣地進來」使用了轉化修辭技巧，下列何者與此相同？ (A)日子安靜得像掛在壁上的月曆 (B)料好，味好，臺灣第一 (C)這些美妙的叫賣聲，活潑、快樂地在每日生活的舞臺裡翻滾跳躍 (D)我喜歡聽那些像鐘一般準確出現的小販的叫賣聲。
49. (A)「你甚至擔心他是不是太老了，太累了，生病了，以至於不能出來賣了。但就在你懷疑、納悶的時候，那熟悉的聲音也許又出現了。」由這段敘述可知作者心情如何變化？ (A)擔心／釋懷 (B)無奈／樂觀 (C)期待／懷疑 (D)沮喪／奮發。
50. (C)關於〈庭中有奇樹〉與〈慈烏夜啼〉二詩的字詞解釋，下列何者正確？
(A)綠葉發「華」滋：繁盛 (B)但感別「經時」：日常、平常 (C)「啞啞」吐哀音：形容烏鴉的叫聲 (D)母歿「喪不臨」：不沮喪。

英語科題庫

1. (B) It's really hot today. I don't want to walk to school. Let's _____ the metro.
(A) ride (B) take (C) hold (D) last
2. (B) The _____ screen is so big. You can see the pictures clearly (清楚地) on it.
(A) question (B) computer (C) basket (D) camp
3. (A) Michelle likes to eat popcorn (爆米花) and watch a _____ at the same time.
(A) movie (B) camp (C) history (D) question

4. (C) Tom : Do you often read _____?
Lily : Yes, I do. They have a lot of pictures.
(A) baskets (B) computers (C) comic books (D) temples
5. (A) The doctor wants me to stay in the _____ for two more days because my stomach still hurts a lot. (A) hospital (B) country (C) body (D) message
6. (A) Here's a hat. Put it on to keep your _____ warm.
(A) head (B) stomach (C) headache (D) fever
7. (C) A : How many languages (語言) can you _____?
B : I can _____ both English and Chinese.
(A) treat (B) call (C) speak (D) send
8. (A) I just got a _____ on my cellphone. It was from Richard, and he said, "I will (將) be five minutes late."
(A) message (B) headache (C) stomach (D) coat
9. (C) The girl is _____. Listen! Her voice (嗓音) is really beautiful.
(A) driving (B) waving (C) singing (D) shaking
10. (C) A : Look. That's Tom Holland, the movie star (明星) .
B : Let's go _____ hands and take pictures with him.
(A) hug (B) find (C) shake (D) throw
11. (C) A : Can I _____ you a question about the math homework?
B : Sure. What is it?
(A) sing (B) stop (C) ask (D) bark
12. (D) A : Why are so many people here?
B : They're _____. They are here to look into the case (調查案件) .
(A) mail carriers (B) actresses (C) housewives (D) police officers
13. (C) The businessman is too busy. He needs a _____ to help him with his work.
(A) police officer (B) mailman (C) secretary (D) singer
14. (A) Tim is a(n) _____, and his job is to serve (端) food in the restaurant.
(A) waiter (B) mailman (C) reporter (D) actor
15. (A) The _____ in the park are beautiful in spring and summer.
(A) flowers (B) reports (C) maps (D) cameras

16. (C) Bob is ten years old. He goes to _____.
(A) college (B) junior high school (C) elementary school (D) work
17. (A) My grandma goes to _____ and prays (祈禱) there every Sunday morning.
(A) church (B) school (C) hotel (D) bakery
18. (B) Josh can fly a _____. He can see the beautiful lake and mountains from high above (高處) in it. (A) boat (B) plane (C) truck (D) taxi
19. (B) James fell off (跌落) when he rode his _____ to work. He couldn't walk for one week. (A) boat (B) scooter (C) ship (D) truck
20. (D) A : What are those men doing on the boat?
B : They are practicing _____ in the river. Dragon Boat Festival (端午節) is coming. (A) crossing (B) flying (C) paying (D) rowing
21. (A) A : Did you come to this temple _____?
B : Yes, I came here with my family two weeks _____.
(A) before; ago (B) before; before (C) ago; ago (D) ago; before
22. (C) A : Did you join the school soccer team in junior high school?
B : _____, I _____. I had to(必須)practice soccer after school three times a week.
(A) Yes; joined (B) No; didn't (C) Yes; did (D) Yes; do
23. (B) Jenny was afraid of big dogs. She _____ my hand and cried.
(A) holds (B) held (C) hold (D) is holding
24. (C) A : What did you do an hour ago?
B : I _____ the Internet in my room.
(A) surfs (B) surf (C) surfed (D) am surfing
25. (D) Mom gave birthday gifts _____ my brothers, but she didn't give me any.
(A) in (B) at (C) for (D) to
26. (A) I made a birthday card _____ Mom. She was very happy.
(A) for (B) to (C) at (D) from
27. (D)Michelle couldn't play with us after school _____ she had to(必須)take care of her brother. (A) × (B) so (C) or (D) because
28. (C) A : _____ didn't you come to school yesterday?
B : Because I caught a cold yesterday, but I'm fine now.

- (A) Who (B) How (C) Why (D) What
29. (C) Carol was mopping the floor when David _____ her.
(A) calls (B) call (C) called (D) is calling
30. (D) When I got home, my mom _____ in her room.
(A) is sleeping (B) sleeps (C) sleep (D) was sleeping
31. (B) Put down your bowl, Tom. You should(應該)go wash your hands first _____ you have dinner. (A) after (B) before (C) when (D) then
32. (D) Taking care of kids _____ not interesting for me at all.
(A) be (B) to be (C) are (D) is
33. (C) _____ enough water is important and healthy for us.
(A) Drink (B) Drinks (C) Drinking (D) Drank
34. (C) For my brother, it is fun _____ computer games.
(A) play (B) played (C) to play (D) plays
35. (D) Sandra's dad made her _____ her homework at home this weekend.
(A) does (B) did (C) doing (D) do
36. (D) Gina's mother doesn't let her _____ video games on weekends.
(A) plays (B) played (C) playing (D) play
37. (D) It took Tina two hours _____ her homework, but she still couldn't finish it.
(A) do (B) doing (C) did (D) to do
38. (B) Nina found _____ dollars in her pocket this morning.
(A) thousand (B) two thousand (C) the thousand (D) thousand of
39. (B) I spent NT\$4,000 _____ my wife's birthday gift. It was a nice dress.
(A) in (B) on (C) for (D) with
40. (D) It cost Jenny two thousand dollars _____ the coat.
(A) bought (B) buy (C) buying (D) to buy